

GCE Examinations

Decision Mathematics Module D2

Advanced Subsidiary / Advanced Level

Paper A

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions and Information

Candidates may use any calculator except those with a facility for symbolic algebra and/or calculus.

Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.

Mathematical and statistical formulae and tables are available.

This paper has 7 questions.

Advice to Candidates

You must show sufficient working to make your methods clear to an examiner.
Answers without working will gain no credit.



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1. The payoff matrix for player A in a two-person zero-sum game is shown below.

		B		
		I	II	III
A	I	-3	4	0
	II	2	2	1
	III	3	-2	-1

Find the optimal strategy for each player and the value of the game.

(5 marks)

2. A supplier has three warehouses, A , B and C , at which there are 42, 26 and 32 crates of a particular cereal respectively. Three supermarkets, D , E and F , require 29, 47 and 24 crates of the cereal respectively.

The supplier wishes to minimise the cost in meeting the requirements of the supermarkets. The cost, in pounds, of supplying one crate of the cereal from each warehouse to each supermarket is given in the table below.

	D	E	F
A	19	22	13
B	18	14	26
C	27	16	19

Formulate this information as a linear programming problem.

- (a) State your decision variables. **(1 mark)**
- (b) Write down the objective function in terms of your decision variables. **(2 marks)**
- (c) Write down the constraints, explaining what each one represents. **(3 marks)**

3. This question should be answered on the sheet provided.

A couple are making the arrangements for their wedding. They are deciding whether to have the ceremony at their church, a local castle or a nearby registry office. The reception will then be held in a marquee, at the castle or at a local hotel. Both the castle and hotel offer catering services but the couple are also considering using *Deluxe Catering* or *Cuisine*, who can both provide the food at any venue.

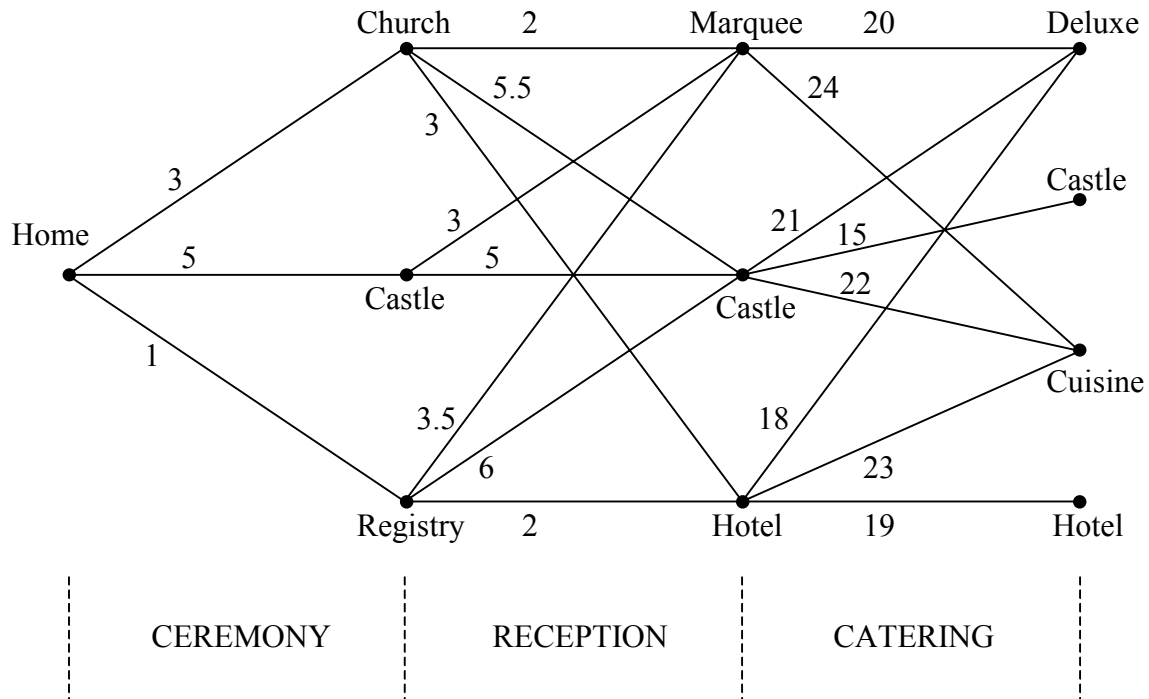


Fig. 1

The network in Figure 1 shows the costs incurred (including transport), in hundreds of pounds, according to the choice the couple make for each stage of the day.

Use dynamic programming to find how the couple can minimise the total cost of their wedding and state the total cost of this arrangement.

(9 marks)

Turn over

4. This question should be answered on the sheet provided.

A travelling salesman problem relates to the network represented by the following table of distances in kilometres. You may assume that the network satisfies the triangle inequality.

	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>G</i>	<i>H</i>
<i>A</i>	–	85	59	31	47	52	74	41
<i>B</i>	85	–	104	73	51	68	43	55
<i>C</i>	59	104	–	54	62	88	61	45
<i>D</i>	31	73	54	–	40	59	65	78
<i>E</i>	47	51	62	40	–	56	71	68
<i>F</i>	52	68	88	59	56	–	53	49
<i>G</i>	74	43	61	65	71	53	–	63
<i>H</i>	41	55	45	78	68	49	63	–

Showing your method clearly, use

- (i) the nearest neighbour algorithm, beginning with *A*,
- (ii) Prim's algorithm with *H* deleted,

to show that the minimum distance travelled, d km, satisfies the inequality $357 \leq d \leq 371$.

(11 marks)

5. The payoff matrix for player *X* in a two-person zero-sum game is shown below.

		<i>Y</i>		
		Y_1	Y_2	Y_3
<i>X</i>	X_1	10	4	3
	X_2	–4	–1	9

- (a) Using a graphical method, find the optimal strategy for player *X*. **(7 marks)**
- (b) Find the optimal strategy for player *Y*. **(4 marks)**
- (c) Find the value of the game. **(2 marks)**

6. Four sales representatives (R_1, R_2, R_3 and R_4) are to be sent to four areas (A_1, A_2, A_3 and A_4) such that each representative visits one area. The estimated profit, in tens of pounds, that each representative will make in each area is shown in the table below.

	A_1	A_2	A_3	A_4
R_1	37	29	44	51
R_2	45	30	43	41
R_3	32	27	39	50
R_4	43	25	51	55

Use the Hungarian method to obtain an allocation which will maximise the total profit made from the visits. Show the state of the table after each stage in the algorithm.

(13 marks)

7. A distributor has six warehouses. At one point the distributor needs to move 25 lorries from warehouses W_1, W_2 and W_3 to warehouses W_A, W_B and W_C for the minimum possible cost. The transportation tableau below shows the unit cost, in tens of pounds, of moving a lorry between two warehouses, and the relevant figures regarding the number of lorries available or required at each warehouse.

	W_A	W_B	W_C	Available
W_1	7	8	10	10
W_2	9	6	5	8
W_3	11	5	7	7
Required	5	12	8	

- (a) Write down the initial solution given by the north-west corner rule. **(2 marks)**
- (b) Obtain improvement indices for the unused routes. **(5 marks)**
- (c) Use the stepping-stone method to find an improved solution and state why it is degenerate. **(3 marks)**
- (d) Placing a zero in cell (2, 2), show that the improved solution is optimal and state the transportation pattern. **(6 marks)**
- (e) Find the total cost of the optimal solution. **(2 marks)**

END

Please hand this sheet in for marking

Stage	State	Destination	Cost	Total cost
1	Marquee	Deluxe Cuisine		
	Castle	Deluxe Castle Cuisine		
	Hotel	Deluxe Cuisine Hotel		
2	Church	Marquee Castle Hotel		
	Castle	Marquee Castle		
	Registry Office	Marquee Castle Hotel		
3	Home	Castle Church Registry		

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Please hand this sheet in for marking

(i)

	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>G</i>	<i>H</i>
<i>A</i>	–	85	59	31	47	52	74	41
<i>B</i>	85	–	104	73	51	68	43	55
<i>C</i>	59	104	–	54	62	88	61	45
<i>D</i>	31	73	54	–	40	59	65	78
<i>E</i>	47	51	62	40	–	56	71	68
<i>F</i>	52	68	88	59	56	–	53	49
<i>G</i>	74	43	61	65	71	53	–	63
<i>H</i>	41	55	45	78	68	49	63	–

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(ii)

	<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>G</i>	<i>H</i>
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